Enrollment No: _	Exam Seat No:		
	C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY		
	Winter Examination-2015		

Subject Name: Surveying

Subject Code: 2TE03SUR1 Branch: Diploma (Civil)

**Semester:** 3 **Date:** 08/12/2015 **Time:** 2:30 To 5:30 **Marks:** 70

**Instructions:** 

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

	(4)	Assume suitable data if needed.	
Q-1		Attempt the following questions:	(14)
	a)	In surveying when curvature of earth is taken into consideration then that type is called as  (A) Chain surveying  (B) Geodetic surveying	01
	<b>b</b> )	(C) Plane surveying (D) Contouring If 'n' is the number of sides, then the total sum of exterior angles of a closed traverse should be	01
	c)	(A) (n+2) x 90 <sup>0</sup> (B) (2n-4) x 90 <sup>0</sup> (C) (2n+4) x 90 <sup>0</sup> (D) (4n-2) x 90 <sup>0</sup> The vertical angle between longitudinal axis of a freely suspended magnetic needle and a horizontal line at its pivot, is known	01
	d)	(A) declination (B) azimuth (C) dip (D) bearing As per Indian standard, the length of one link in 30 meter chain should be (A) 20 cm (B) 30 cm (C) 40 cm (D) 10 cm	01
	e)	The horizontal angle between the true meridian and magnetic meridian at a place is called (A) azimuth (B) declination (C) local attraction (D) magnetic bearing	01
	f)	If the magnetic bearing of the sun at a place at noon in southern hemisphere is 167°, the magnetic declination at that place is  (A) 77° N (B) 23° S (C) 13° E (D) 13° W	01
	g)	Size of a theodolite is specified by  (A) the length of telescope (B) the diameter of vertical circle (C) the diameter of lower plate (D) the diameter of upper plate	01
	h)	A telescope is said to be inverted if its  (A) vertical circle is to its right and the bubble of the telescope is down (B) vertical circle is to its right and the bubble of the telescope is up (C) vertical circle is to its left and the bubble of the telescope is down (D) vertical circle is to its left and the bubble of the telescope is up	01
	i)	The cross hairs in the surveying telescope are placed  (A) midway between eye piece and objective lens  (B) much closer to the eye-piece than to the objective lens  Page 1     5	01



	j)	<ul> <li>(C) much closer to the objective lens than to the eye piece</li> <li>(D) anywhere between eye-piece and objective lens</li> <li>For which of the following permanent adjustments of theodolite, the spire test is used?</li> <li>(A) adjustment of plate levels</li> <li>(B) adjustment of line of sight</li> </ul>					
	k)	<ul> <li>(C) adjustment of horizontal axis</li> <li>(D) adjustment of altitude bubble and vertical index frame</li> <li>Which of the following errors is not eliminated by the method of repetition of horizontal angle measurement?</li> <li>(A) error due to eccentricity of verniers</li> <li>(B) error due to displacement of station signals</li> <li>(C) error due to wrong adjustment of line of collimation and trunnion axis</li> </ul>					01
	l)	<ul><li>(D) error due to inacc</li><li>The following sights</li><li>(A) fore sight only</li></ul>	curate g are tak	graduation ten on a "change (B) back si	point" ght only		01
	m)	(C) fore sight and bac The rise and fall met (A) back sight (B)	hod of	levelling provide		eck on	01
<b>A</b> 44	n)	The principle of work (A) refraction (B) r	king of eflection	an optical squar on (C) double i	e is based on		01
_	ot any f	our questions from (	_	Q-8			/a a
Q-2		Attempt all question			•		(14)
		Give classification of					07 07
0.2	(b)						
Q-3	(a)	Attempt all questions  Explain various characteristics of contours.					
	(a) (b)	•					
	(0)	bearing for local attra			-	verse. Correct the	07
		ocurring for room units	Line		Back Bearing		
				68 <sup>0</sup>	248 <sup>0</sup>		
			AB				
			BC	1300	312 <sup>0</sup>		
			CD	252 <sup>0</sup>	$70^{0}$		
			DA	344 <sup>0</sup>	164 <sup>0</sup>		
Q-4		Attempt all question	1S				(14)
	(a)	<u> </u>					
		(i) Line of collimation, (ii) Reduced level, (iii) Back sight, (iv) Change point, (v)					
		Contour interval					
	(b)						
0.5	(c)	Write short note on Line ranger.					04
Q-5	(-)	Attempt all question		1 C:	-1 - <i>C</i>	<b></b>	( <b>14</b> ) 07
	(a) (b)	Explain the Trapezoidal rule and Simpson rule for computation of area. Following readings are taken with a level and 4.0 m leveling staff on constantly falling ground. 1.235, 0.445, 1.365, 2.560, 3.675, 0.220, 1.105, 1.890, 2.985,					



0.105, 1.435, and 2.075. The first reading was taken on BM having RL 100.555.

		Find the RL of points by HI method. Give arithmetic check.	
Q-6		Attempt all questions	(14)
	(a)	List the instruments used in chain and tape survey and write the function of each of the instrument.	05
	(b)	Define the following terms:	05
	, ,	(i) Local attraction, (ii) Dip, (iii) True meridian, (iv) Isogonic lines, (v)	
		Declination	
	(c)	Distinguish between whole circle bearing and reduce bearing.	04
Q-7		Attempt all questions	<b>(14)</b>
	(a)	Explain different axes of theodolite with its interrelationship.	07
	(b)	Explain the methods of orientation in plane table survey.	07
Q-8		Attempt all questions	(14)
	(a)	State the functions of following in respect of theodolite.	07
		(i) Clip screw, (ii) Telescope, (iii) Shifting head, (iv) Lower plate screw, (v)	
		Vertical circle, (vi) Tangent screw, (vii) Clamping screw.	
	(b)	List the instruments used in plane tabling and give their uses.	07

	Attempt the following questions:	(14)
0)	સર્વેક્ષણમાં જો પૃથ્વીની ગોળાઈને ઘ્યાનમાં લેવામાં આવે તો તે પ્રકારના સર્વેક્ષણનુ શું કહેવાય.	01
	(A) Chain surveying (B) Geodetic surveying	
	(C) Plane surveying (D) Contouring	
p)	બંધ આરેખણના બાહેય ખુણાનો સરવાળો કેટલો થશે ? n એટલે બાજુઓની સંખ્યા. (A) $(n+2) \times 90^0$ (B) $(2n-4) \times 90^0$ (C) $(2n+4) \times 90^0$ (D) $(4n-2) \times 90^0$	01
q)	મુકતરીતે ઝુલતી ચુંબેકીય સોયની રેખા એને ક્ષીતીજ રેખા વચ્ચે પીવોટ પાસે બનતા ઉર્ઘ્વ ખુણાને શું કહેવાય. ?	01
	(A) declination (B) azimuth (C) dip (D) bearing	
r)	૩૦ મીટ૨ની સાંકળના IS મુજબ એક લીકની લંબાઈ કેટલી હોવી જોઈએ.?	01
	(A) 20 cm (B) 30 cm (C) 40 cm (D) 10 cm	
s)	સાચુ મેરીડીયન અને ચુંબકીય મેરીડીયન વચ્ચેના સાસ્તરીય ખુણાને શું કહેવાય. ?	01
	(A) azimuth (B) declination (C) local attraction (D) magnetic bearing	
t)	કોઈ એક સ્થળે બપોરે દક્ષિણ હેમીસ્ફીય૨માં સુર્યનું ચુંબકીય બેરીગ 167° છે તો તે સ્થળે	01
	ચુંબકીય વિચલન કેટલુ થશે.?	
	(A) 77° N (B) 23° S (C) 13° E (D) 13° W	
u)	થીયોડોલાઈટની સાઈઝ કેવી રીતે દર્શાવાય ?	01
	(A) the length of telescope (B) the diameter of vertical circle	
`	(C) the diameter of lower plate (D) the diameter of upper plate ટેલીસ્કોપને ઈન્વેટેક કહેવાય જો	01
v)		01
	<ul><li>(A) vertical circle is to its right and the bubble of the telescope is down</li><li>(B) vertical circle is to its right and the bubble of the telescope is up</li></ul>	
	(C) vertical circle is to its left and the bubble of the telescope is down	
	(D) vertical circle is to its left and the bubble of the telescope is up	
w)	સર્વેઈંગ ટેલીસ્કોપમાં ક્રોસ હેરનું સ્થાન જણાવો.	01
***)	(A) midway between eye piece and objective lens	01
	(B) much closer to the eye-piece than to the objective lens	
	(C) much closer to the objective lens than to the eye piece	
	(D) anywhere between eye-piece and objective lens	
x)	થીયોકોલાઈટના કયા કાયમી એક્જસ્ટમેન્ટ માટે સ્પાય૨ ટેસ્ટનો ઉપયોગ થાય છે. ?	01
	(A) adjustment of plate levels	
	(B) adjustment of line of sight	
	(C) adjustment of horizontal axis	
	(D) adjustment of altitude bubble and vertical index frame	
y)	હોરીઝોન્ટલ એંગલ મેઝરમેન્ટની રીપીટેશન પઘ્ધતી થી નીચેનામાંથી કઈ ત્રુટીઓ	01
	એલીમીનેટેક થતી નથી.?	
	(A) error due to eccentricity of verniers	
	(B) error due to displacement of station signals	
	(C) error due to wrong adjustment of line of collimation and trunnion axis (D) error due to inaccurate graduation	
7)	(D) error due to maccurate graduation ચેન્જ પોઈન્ટ ઉપ૨ કઈ સાઈટ લેવામાં આવે છે.?	01
Z)	(A) fore sight only (B) back sight only	01
	(C) fore sight and back sight (D) fore sight and intermediate sight	
aa)		01
	(A) back sight (B) intermediate sight (C) fore sight (D) all of the above	0.1
hh)	ઓપ્ટીકલ સ્કવેરના કાર્યનો સીઘ્ધાંત કેના ઉપર આધાર રાખે છે.	01

Q-1



		Attempt a	ny	four questions	from Q-2 to Q-8	3		
Q-2		Attempt all questions						
	(a)	સર્વેક્ષર્શનું વર્ગીકરણ કરો અને દશેકનો ઉપયોગ લખો.						
	(b)	ઢાળવાળી જમીનની માપણી	ની	રીતો સમજાવો			07	
Q-3		Attempt all questions					<b>(14)</b>	
	(a)							
	(b)						07	
		માટે બેરીગમાં સુધારો કરી અંતર્ગત ખૂણાઓ શોધો.						
		Liı	ne	Fore Bearing	Back Bearing			
		Al	В	68 <sup>0</sup>	$248^{0}$			
		В	С	130 <sup>0</sup>	312 <sup>0</sup>			
		CI	D	$252^{0}$	$70^{0}$			
		Da	A	344 <sup>0</sup>	164 <sup>0</sup>			
Q-4		Attempt all questions					<b>(14)</b>	
	(a)						05	
		(i) સમાંતરણ રેખા, (ii) સા	પેક્ષ	. ઉચાંઈ , (iii) પશ્વ	ાાવ લોકન, (iv) દિ	શાબદલ બિંદુ, (v)		
	(1.)	સમચોરસ રેખાનો ગાળો	2-1	பட்ட வடி வூ - 2	പട്ടപാ ചായത്		05	
	(b) (c)	આરેખણની વ્યાખ્યા આપો.		-	<i>મારબ</i> કા સ <b>ન</b> જાવા	•	05 04	
Q-5	(0)	~					(14)	
<b>Q-</b> 3	(a)	Attempt all questions a) ક્ષેત્રફળની ગણતરી માટેના ટ્રેપેઝોઈક્લ રૂલ અને સીમસન રૂલ સમજાવો.					07	
	(b)							
	(0)	લેવામાં આવેલ છે. 1.235, 0.445, 1.365, 2.560, 3.675, 0.220, 1.105, 1.890, 2.985,						
		0.105, 1.435, and 2.075. The પ્રથમ વાંચનાક જે તલચિન્હ પર લેવામાં આવેલ તેની						
		સાપેક્ષ ઉચાંઈ 100.555. છે.HI પધ્ધતી દ્વારા બિંદુઓની સાપેક્ષ ઉચાંઈ શોધો. ગણિતીય						
		તાળો મેળવો.						
<b>Q-6</b>		Attempt all questions (						
	(a)	ા સાંકળ અને ટેપ સર્વેક્ષણમાં વપરાતા સાધનોના નામ લખો તથા દરેક સાધનનું કાર્ય જણાવો						
	(b)		uì∙				05	
	(0)	(i) સ્થાનીક આકર્ષણ, (ii) નમન, (iii) સાચુ ૨ેખાંશ, (iv) સમદિક ૨ેખાઓ, (v) દિકપાત						
		કોણ		, (111)		c to to, (1) too tole		
	(c)	પૂર્શવૃત બેરીગ અને વૃતપાદ	ં બે	રીંગ વચ્ચેનો ભેદ	જણાવો.		04	
Q-7		Attempt all questions					<b>(14)</b>	
	(a)	<u> </u>	_	,	અને તે વચ્ચેના અ	ાંતરીક સબંધ જણાવો.	07	
	(b)		ાો સ	ામજાવો			07	
Q-8		Attempt all questions	0.5	. *			(14)	
	(a)	થીયોડોલાઈટના સંદર્ભમાં નીચેનાના કાર્યો લખો (i) કિલપ સ્ક્ર, (ii) ટેલિસ્કોપ, (iii) સ્થાનાંત૨ શીર્ષ, (iv) નીચલી પ્લેટનો સ્ક્ર, (v) વર્ટિકલ					07	
		(1) કિલપ સ્ક્રુ, (11) ટાલસ્કા' સર્કલ, (vi) મંદ ચાલક સ્ક્રૂ, (પ		1 /	ાષ, (1V) નાચલા પ	લટના <i>સ્કુ</i> , (v) વાટકલ		
	(b)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_	(આસોગ જાગાનો		07	
	(0)	ત્તનપાટ ત્તપલેકાના પપરાત	ા ત્ત	.เราแบบ บเรา ชา	ં ડવવાંગ જુલાવા.	•	07	

(A) refraction (B) reflection (C) double refraction (D) double reflection



